

Starting (and Growing) a Rural Library Hotspot Lending Program

NACDEP 2019 National Innovation and Creativity Award Winner



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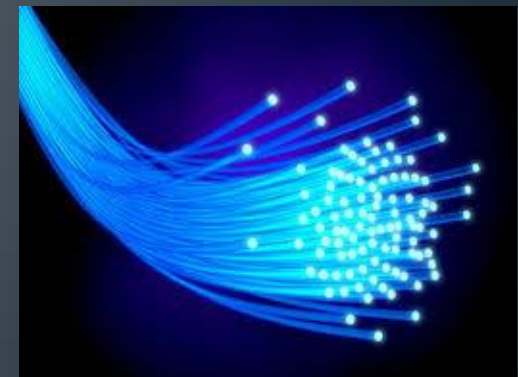
Agenda

- Background on the Digital Divide
- Why Broadband Adoption Matters
- Hotspot Lending Program Basics
 - Program Overview
 - Pilot Survey Results
 - Challenges of the Program

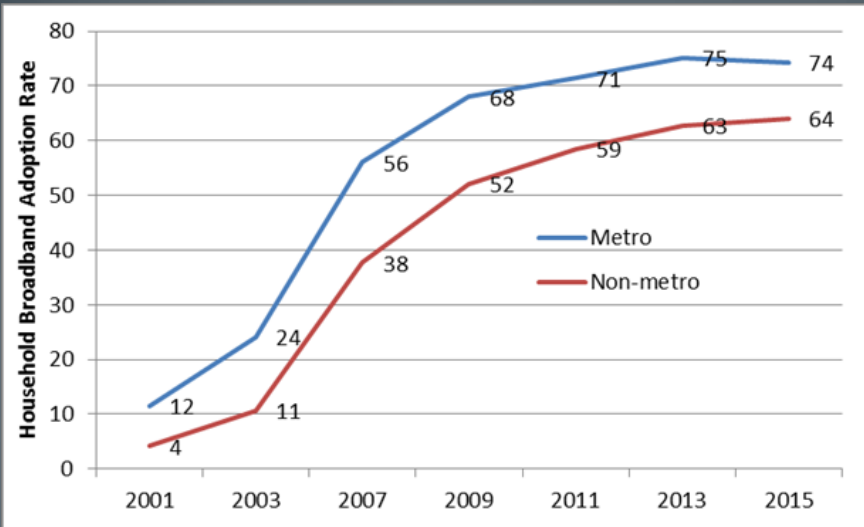


A Good Starting Point...

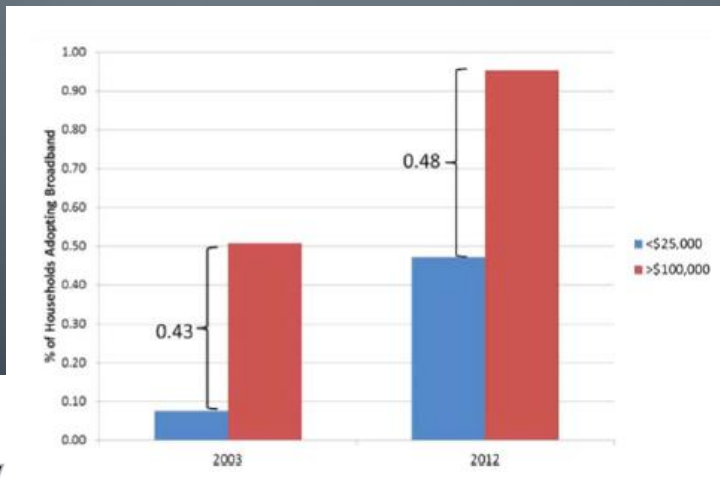
- What is “Broadband,” anyway?
 - High-speed Internet connection
 - Defined by Federal Communications Commission
- Historically, anything $> 200\text{kbps}$ in at least 1 direction was considered broadband
 - Dial-up modems provided $\sim 56\text{ kbps}$
 - Some datasets still use this!! (FCC’s Adoption Data)
- Previous FCC thresholds:
 - 200 KBPS at least 1 direction (prior to 2008)
 - 786 KBPS down (2008)
 - 4 MBPS down, 1 MBPS up (2010)
- Current FCC Definition (2015+):
 - 25 MBPS down, 3 MBPS up



Background on the Digital Divide



Source: Current Population Survey Internet Use Supplements, 2001-2015



Source: Lee and Whitacre, 2017

- Rural broadband adoption rates persistently lag those in urban areas
- Low-income households have only ~50% adoption (compared to 95% for high-income)
- Income-based digital divide has actually increased over time

Why Does This Matter?

- Households without a high-speed connection to the Internet are increasingly at a disadvantage (Horrigan and Duggan, 2015)
- Studies have shown that it is broadband ADOPTION (not simply having availability) that matters for changes to rural economies.

Telecommunications Policy 38 (2014) 1011–1023



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Telecommunications Policy

URL: www.elsevier.com/locate/telpol

Broadband's contribution to economic growth in rural area
Moving towards a causal relationship[☆]

Brian Whitacre^{a,*}, Roberto Gallardo^b, Sharon Strover^c

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Ann Reg Sci (2014) 53:649–670
DOI 10.1007/s00168-014-0637-x

ORIGINAL PAPER

Does rural broadband impact jobs and income?
Evidence from spatial and first-differenced regressions

Brian Whitacre · Roberto Gallardo ·
Sharon Strover

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, 2016
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/15575330.2016.1212910>

 Routledge
Taylor & Francis Group

Broadband and civic engagement in rural areas: What matters?

Brian E. Whitacre and Jacob L. Manlove

Department of Agricultural Economics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK, USA

Think about everything you do online!

- Connect socially
- Pay bills
- Search / apply for jobs
- File taxes
- Search for health information
- Entertainment (Netflix, Music, Hulu...)
- Civic engagement
- Schoolwork / Research

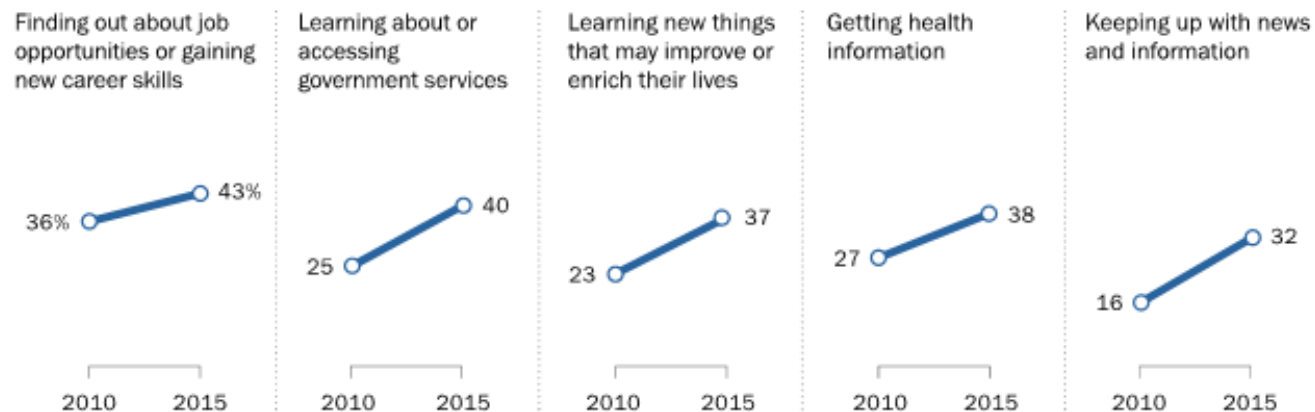


A Common Misperception...

- “They don’t WANT to be online...”
- Horrigan and Duggan (2015) use national survey data to show otherwise.

Non-broadband adopters are increasingly likely to view lack of broadband as a disadvantage in key areas of life

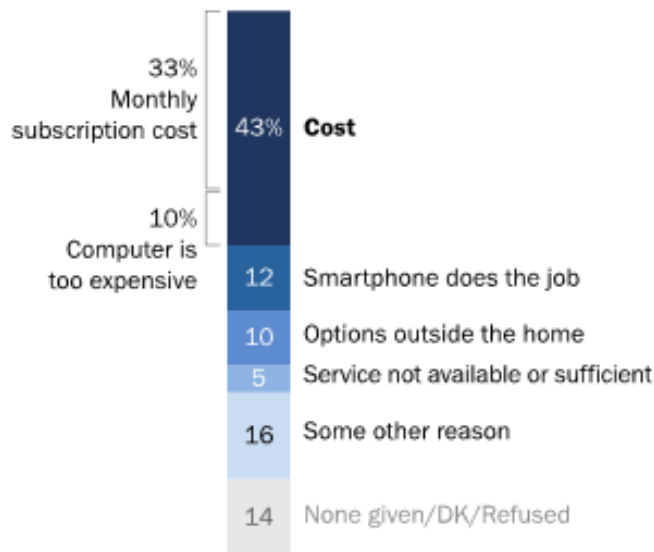
% of non-broadband users who believe those without home broadband are at a major disadvantage in these situations



So...why aren't they online?

Cost is the major reason most people do not have broadband connections

% of non-broadband users who cite the following as their most important reason for not having broadband service



Source: Survey conducted June 10-July 12, 2015. Sample size = 2,001

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- More recent research suggests that those without home connections fully recognize the importance of Internet access (Reisdorf, 2018; Strover, Rhinesmith, Whitacre, 2017)

Why Hotspot Lending Programs?

- Rural libraries are uniquely positioned to impact the digital environment of their communities
- Specific possibilities:
 - Shrinking the “homework gap”
 - Providing financially disadvantaged patrons with home-based access (including those with limited data plans)
 - Helping patrons search for employment / job opportunities
 - Keeping in touch with family / friends
 - Accessing health information
 - Offering connectivity at community-wide events



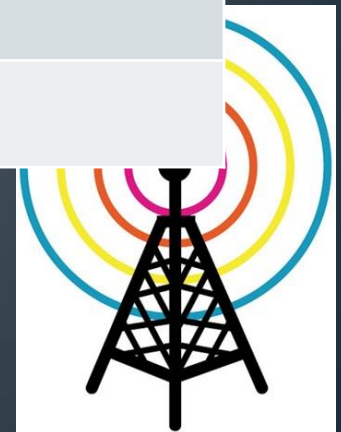
Hotspot Lending Program Basics

- Connects via a cellular (wireless) service provider (i.e. AT&T, Verizon, Sprint)
 - Area must have coverage for the device to work!
- Emits a Wi-Fi signal that users can connect their personal smart phone
 - Most cell phone providers offer hotspot service
- Mobile speeds based on provider signal (4G LTE is best – 5G is coming!)
- Similar to data plan of cell phone
 - Unlimited plans available (and needed!)



Dec 2017 Broadband Availability for RURAL locations (all US) (FCC, 2019)

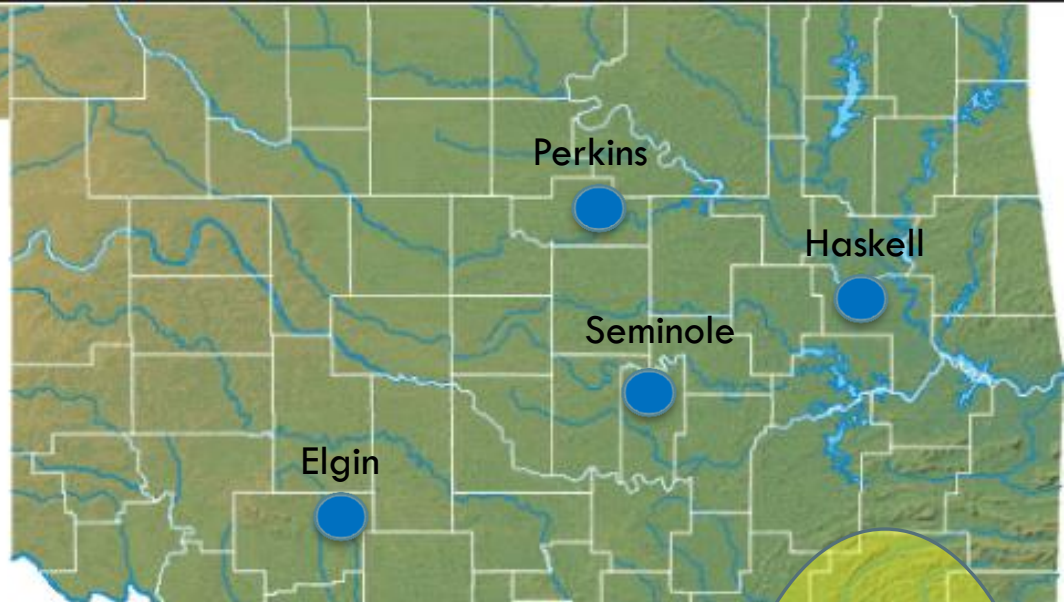
Wired 25 / 3 Mbps	73.6%
Mobile 5/1 Mbps	99.1%



Pilot OK Program (Started May 2017)

4 libraries, 4 devices each

Broadband Adoption data from 2017 ACS



Site	Population (2015)	% Poverty (2011-15)	MHI (2011-15)	% Without Internet
Elgin	2,700	7.9%	\$65,625	9.0%
Perkins	2,800	21.6%	\$40,861	30.1%
Seminole	7,500	24.6%	\$32,594	36.7%
Haskell	1,900	28.3%	\$32,244	50.0%

OK Rural Library Hotspot Program Basics

- OSU funds devices / data for 1st year
 - Libraries try to fund on their own after that (local sponsors, budget)
- Libraries set all policies (length of loan, late return fees, etc.)
- Librarians report monthly statistics
- Librarians participate in monthly conference calls
 - Sounding board for what is going right / wrong
 - This proved to be very helpful!!
- Patrons complete 1-page survey upon return
 - OSU summarizes results
 - Can be very helpful in making case for local sponsors!



OK Pilot Program – 1 year summary

- Extremely well received!
 - 4 devices each (some have upgraded to 7); high demand even without significant amount of marketing
 - Texts sent out when devices are ready – being picked up within 10 minutes!
 - Immediately request being put on waiting list upon return
- Surveys reveal most are being used in conjunction with smartphones / tablets
- Most use by lower-income households, likely to purchase home broadband service for \$10 / month (but not \$30)



OK Hotspot Program Survey

Library Hotspot User Survey



1) On a scale from 1-10, with 1 being low and 10 being high, how would you rate the following?

Please list the two websites you visited most often while checking out the device.

On a scale from 1-10, with 10 being very proficient, how would you rate your internet skills:

- 1) _____
2) _____

- Before checking out the device? _____
 After checking out the device? _____

For each of the price points below, how likely is it that you would purchase broadband Internet service for your household in the next six months?

	Very unlikely	Somewhat unlikely	Neither likely nor unlikely	Somewhat likely	Very likely
\$10 / month	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
\$30 / month	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
\$50 / month	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Additional Comments on Library Hotspot Program: _____

Which of the following devices did you connect to the hotspot? Select all that apply.

- Desktop computer
- Laptop
- Smartphone
- Tablet (e.g. iPad)
- E-Reader (e.g. Kindle)
- Other _____

Please mark your TOP 3 uses of the device.

- Entertainment
- Learning job-related skills
- Helping my child with schoolwork
- Connecting with family and friends
- Research
- Keeping informed of current events
- Other _____

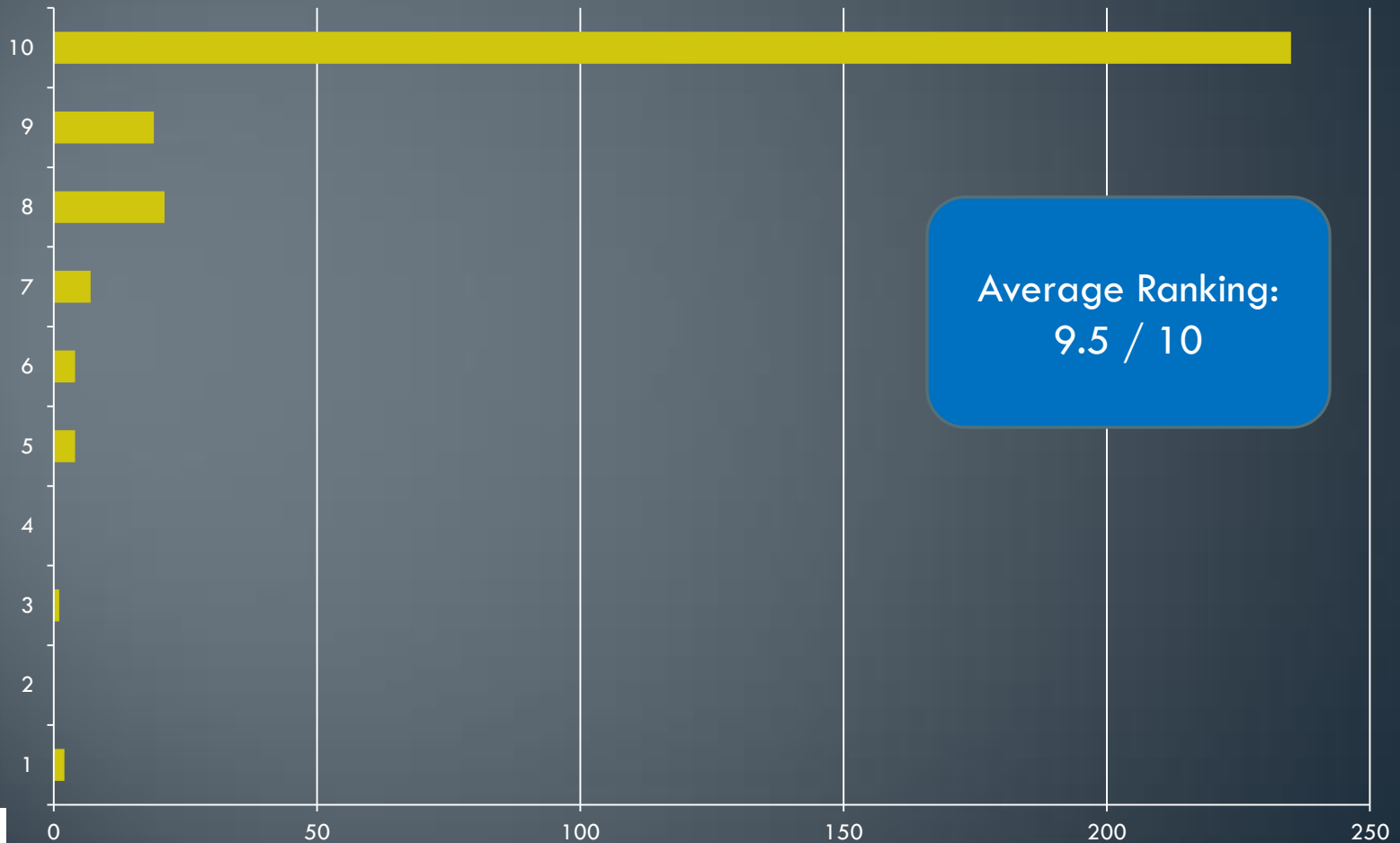
Devices Loaned / Wait Lists

Library	City population (2015)	Initial number of hotspots	Final number of hotspots	Total loans (June 2017– April 2018)	Average loans per month	Average wait-list length (no. of people)
Perkins	2,860	4	7	155	12.9	6
Haskell	1,904	4	7	169	14.1	20
Seminole	7,508	4	6	95	7.9	10
Elgin	2,700	4	4	106	8.8	7
Totals				525	10.9	11.6

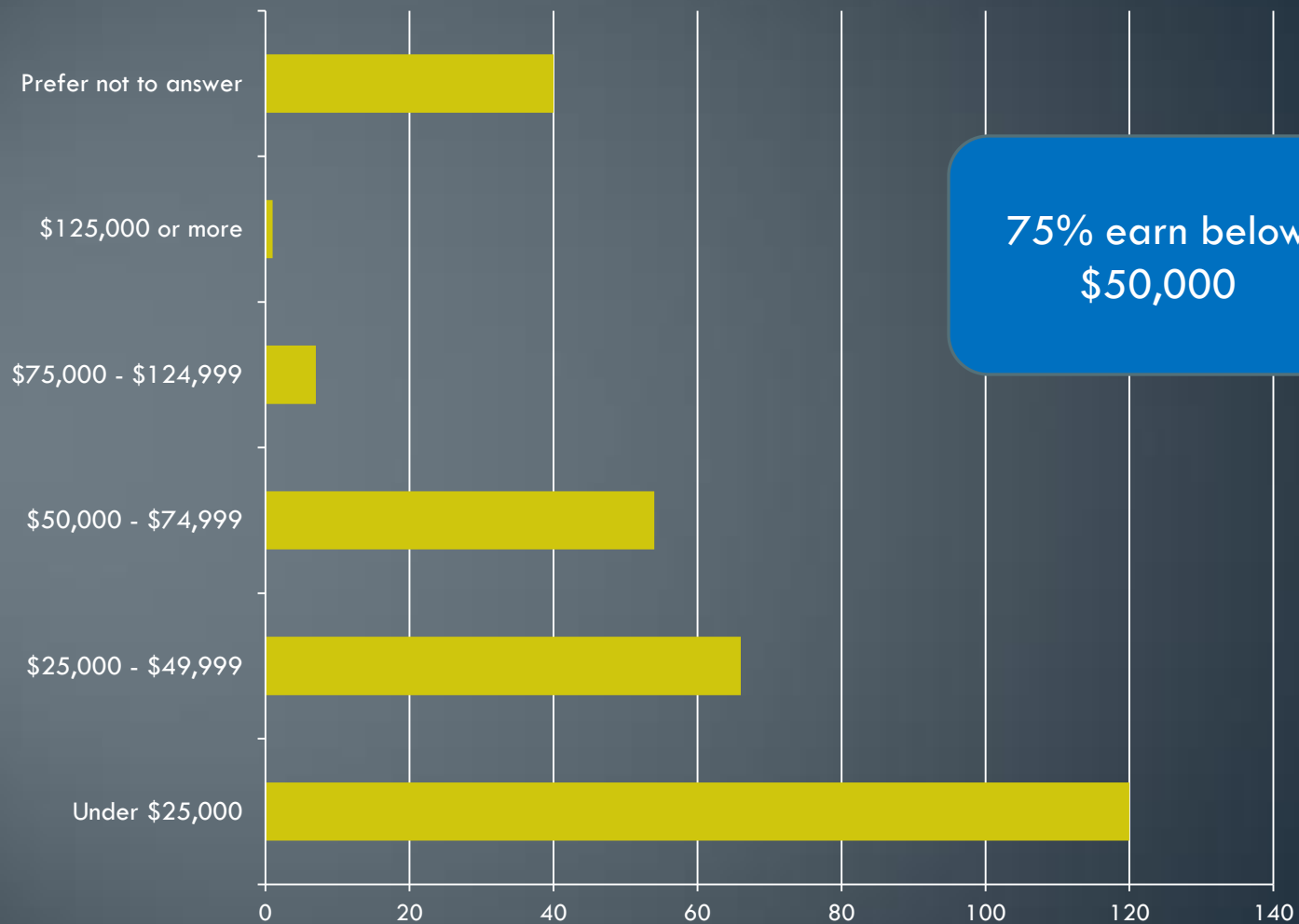
Total Devices Loaned: 525
(Avg. of 11 / library / month)

Avg. Wait List: 11.6

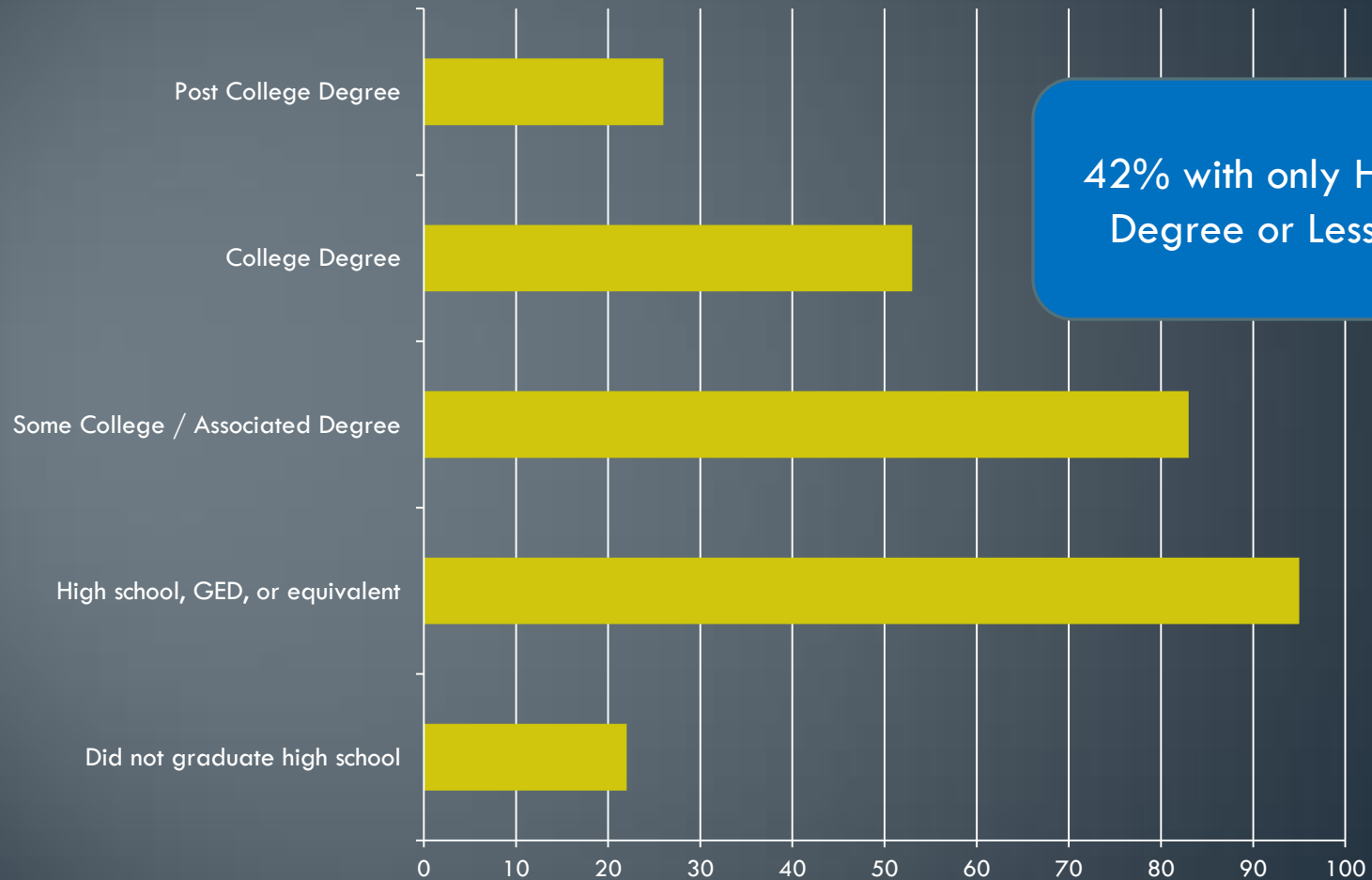
Q1a. On a scale from 1-10, with 10 being high, how would you rate your satisfaction with the library hotspot program?



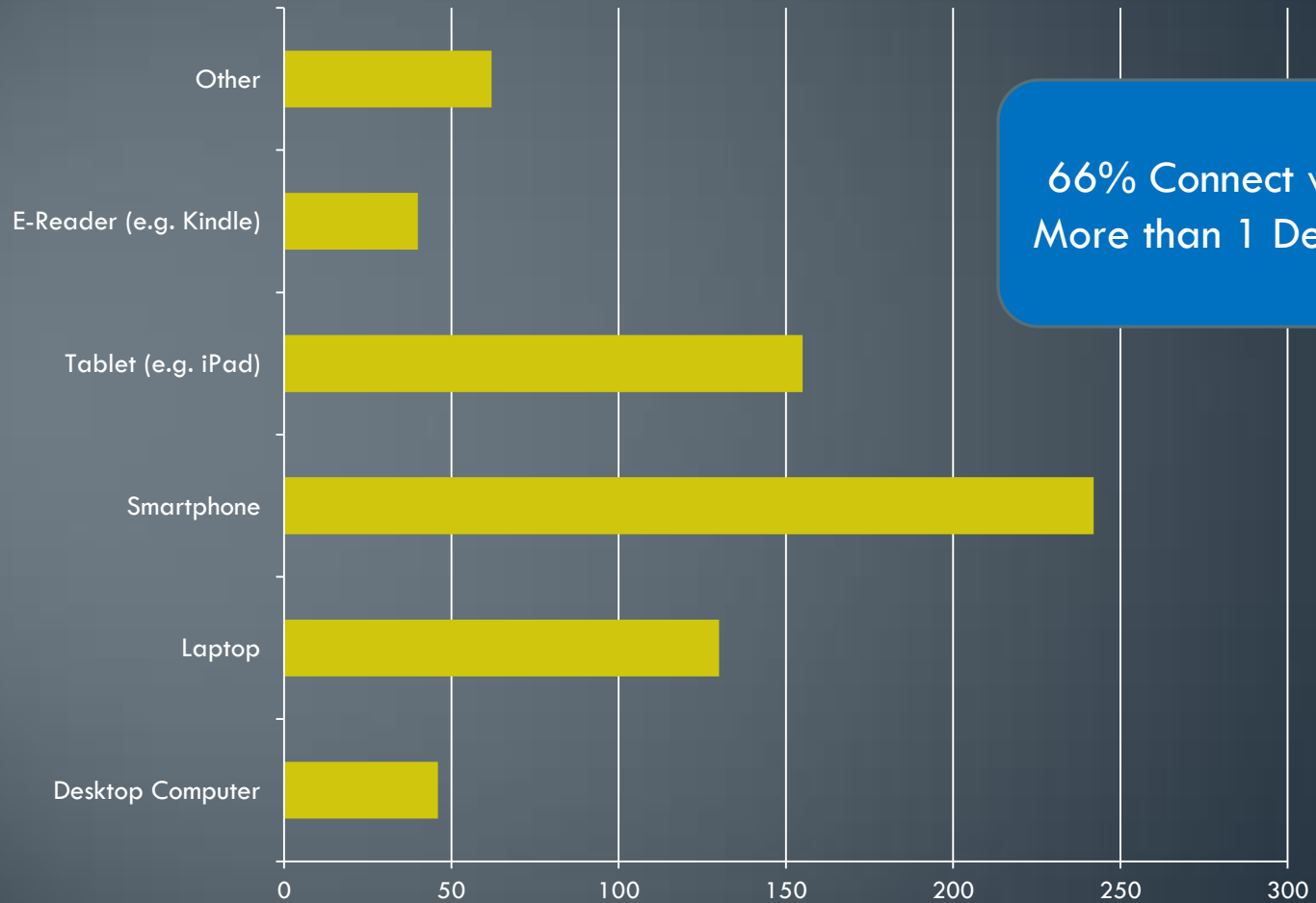
Q2c. What is your annual household income?



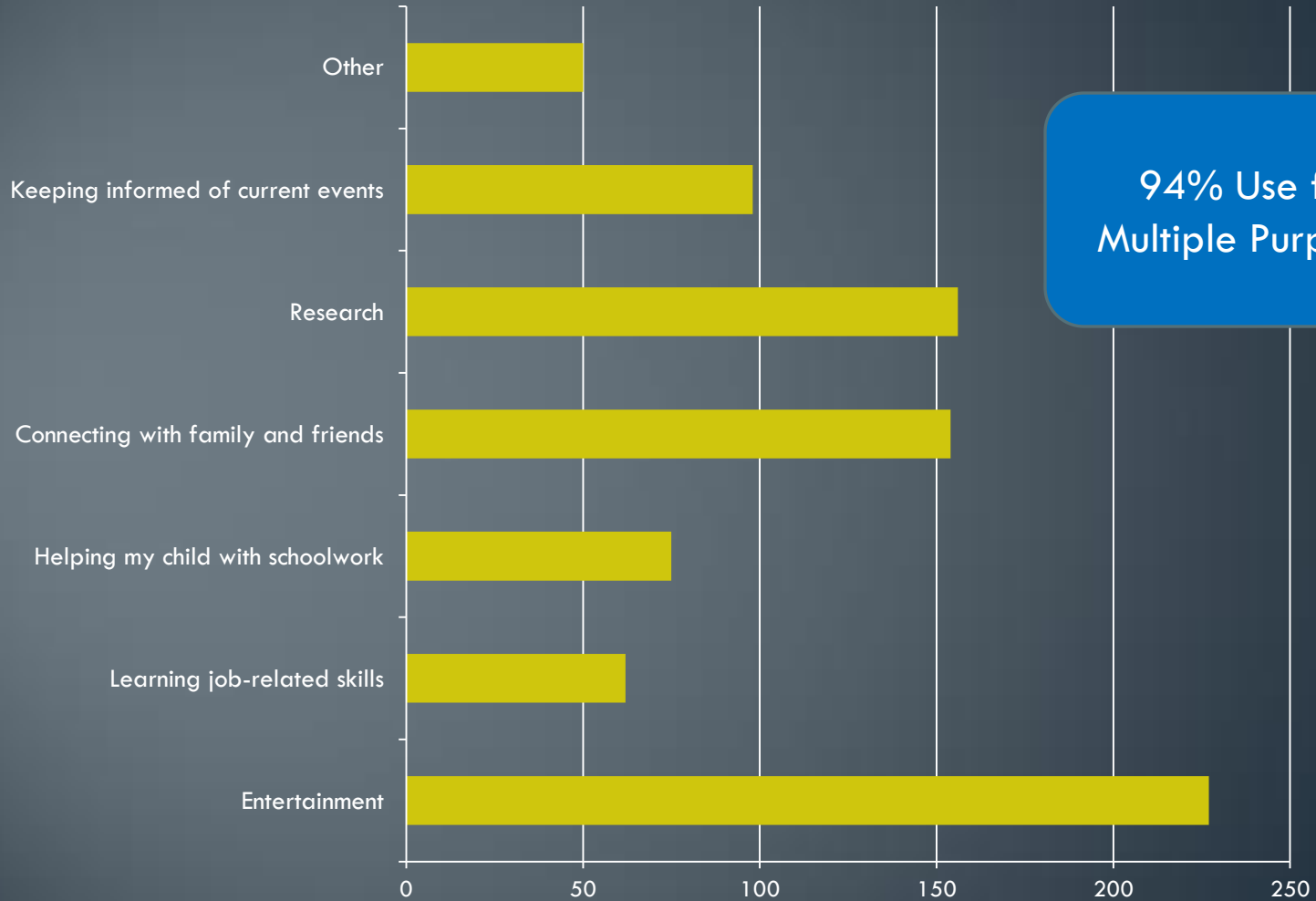
Q2d. What is the highest level of education of any adult in your household?



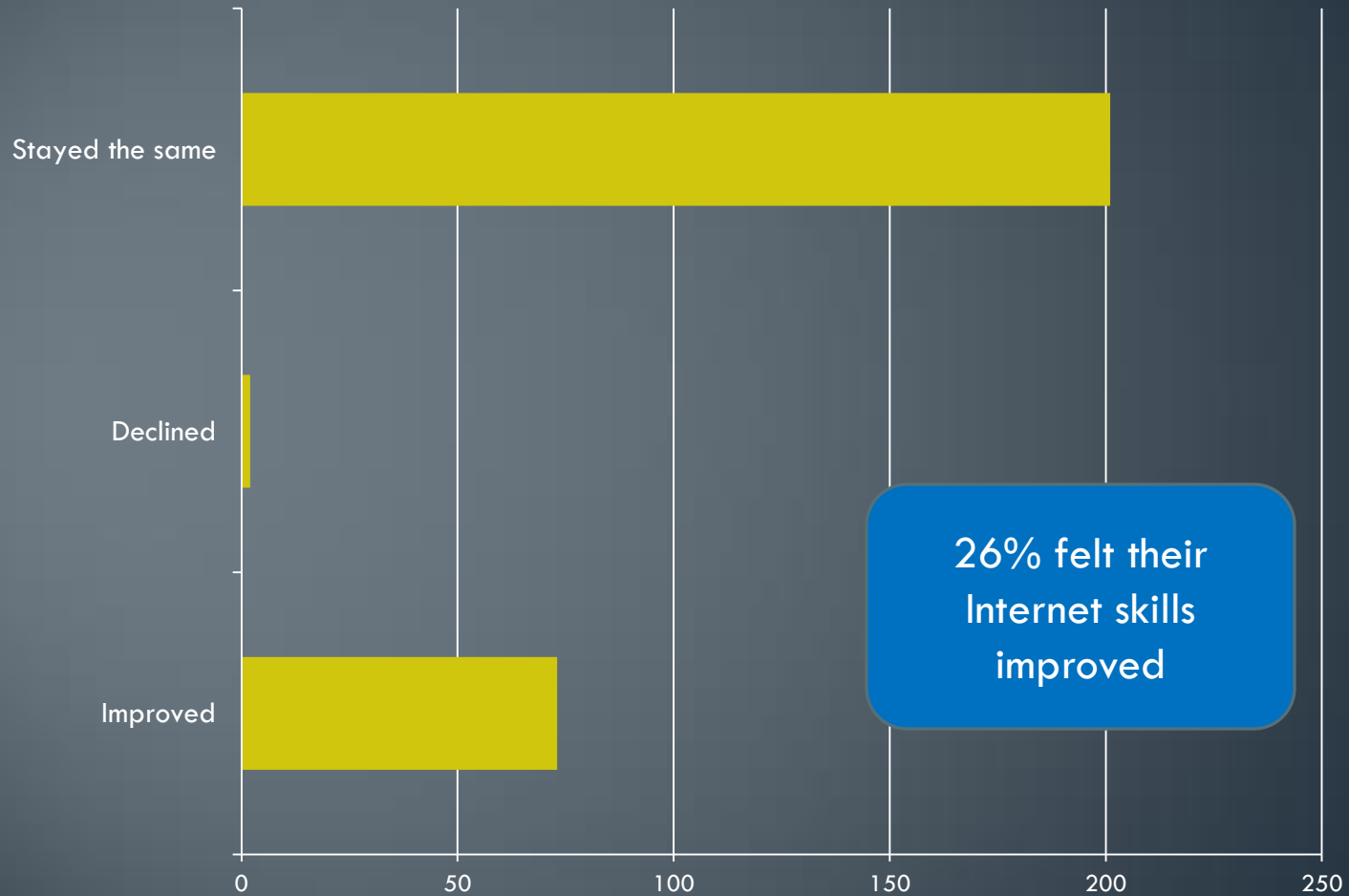
Q3a. Which of the following devices did you connect to the hotspot (choose all that apply)?



Q3b. Please mark your TOP 3 uses of the device



Q3d. Please rate your Internet skills before and after using the device

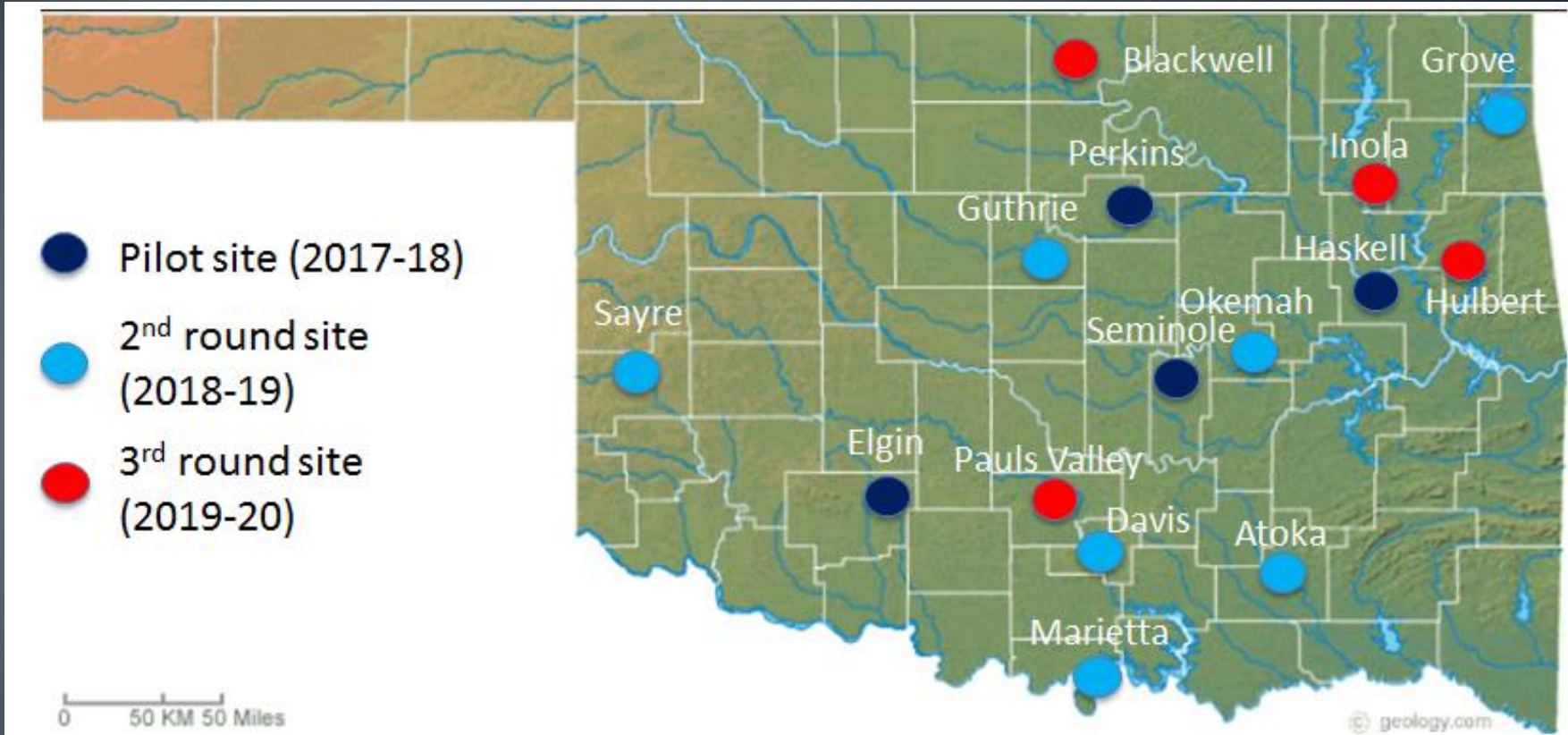


Sample Comments from Patrons

- “I love it!”
- “Great for research and helping my son and daughter do their homework”
- “It’s a total blessing”
- “Awesome program – thanks!”
- “Used for Planning Community Event”
- “I greatly appreciate as I am a full-time student without Internet at home”
- “Thank you, thank you, thank you. It’s great!”
- “Wonderful program – just need more available to check out”
- “Good program, used for banking / paying bills”
- “So happy that we have an outstanding library that broadens our community’s opportunities – I love you library!”
- “Can’t thank you enough – hope to purchase my own unit soon”
- “This is a wonderful thing for the library to do.”
- “Wish it was longer than a week.”
- “This is a wonderful program that is extremely beneficial to my children.”
- “Love it! Simple to use. No hassle and very convenient to take wherever you go.”
- “Please keep doing it! Thank you!”

Round 2 (and 3!)

15 Total
Libraries
Participating



Each Round:

- ~4 libraries, 4-7 devices each
- 1-week loans
- Libraries attempt to continue program (on their own) after 1st year

Supplemental funding from:



(\$3,000 - \$5,000 grants)

2nd Round Site Data / Statistics

820 loans
13.2 Avg. Wait List

Site	Population (2017)	% Poverty (2013-17)	Median HH Income (2013-17)	% Without Internet Subscription	# Hotspot Loans (Thru May 2019)
Grove	7,060	13.6%	\$40,435	26.8%	108
Guthrie	11,350	21.1%	\$44,084	32.3%	165
Okemah	3,196	35.3%	\$30,432	46.6%	186
Sayre	4,490	16.5%	\$29,500	28.4%	80
Atoka	3,077	30.0%	\$30,042	25.2%	84
Davis	2,774	15.7%	\$48,295	32.9%	91
Marietta	2,669	21.8%	\$43,065	40.5%	122

1 year

7 months

The Main Barrier to Continuing: COST

- Devices cost ~\$70 each
- Unlimited data is the real problem:

\$3,200 funded pilot
round of 4 devices
for 4 libraries

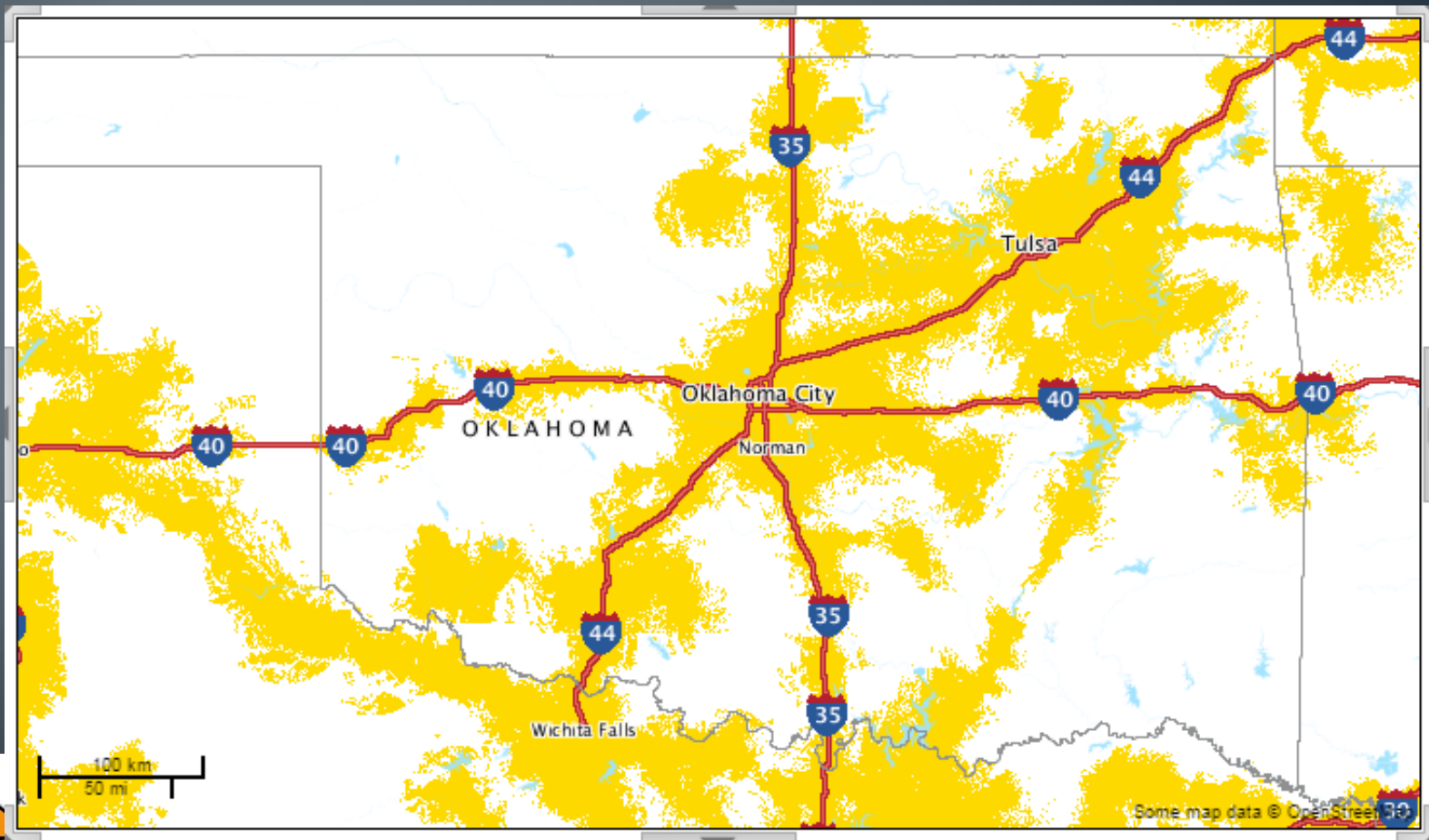
Cost for 1 year of Unlimited Data:

Sprint (PCs for People)	AT&T	T-Mobile
\$135	\$420	\$300

- We partner with PCs for People (non-profit; limited to Sprint)
 - Ongoing cost for a library with 4 devices: \$540 / year
 - Very limited budgets for most rural libraries!
- Expanding to other providers has proven challenging
 - T-Mobile wants to partner but higher costs will be difficult in the post-grant period

Specific Network Coverage Can Be Limited

- Sprint Coverage in Oklahoma:



What is Extension's Role?

Manager of Risk

1. Establishing funding for Year 1
 - No libraries would have started program on their own
2. Providing sounding board for problems (monthly calls)
3. Promoting the program locally
4. Gauging local interest in sponsoring devices after pilot ends



Interested in learning more? Visit our website:

<http://agecon.okstate.edu/hotspot/>

Or, take a look at our recent JOE article:

<https://www.joe.org/joe/2019april/a2.php>