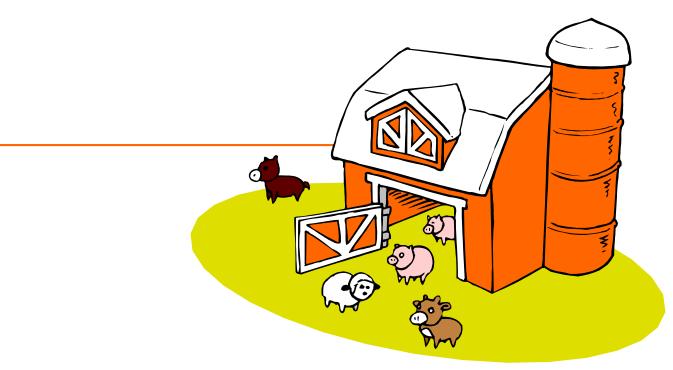
# Livestock Marketing





## What is Marketing?

#### Definition:

A term used to cover those activities of firms associated with the sales and distribution of product(s). MIT Dictionary of Modern Economics

The process of producers monitoring input and output market conditions, managing market risk and controlling the movement of products into the market



## Livestock Marketing

- Every operation should develop a marketing plan.
  - No two plans will be identical.
  - Plans should be developed for every product a producer expects to sell.
- To develop a marketing plan, producers must answer the 3 W's
  - What?
  - Where?
  - When?

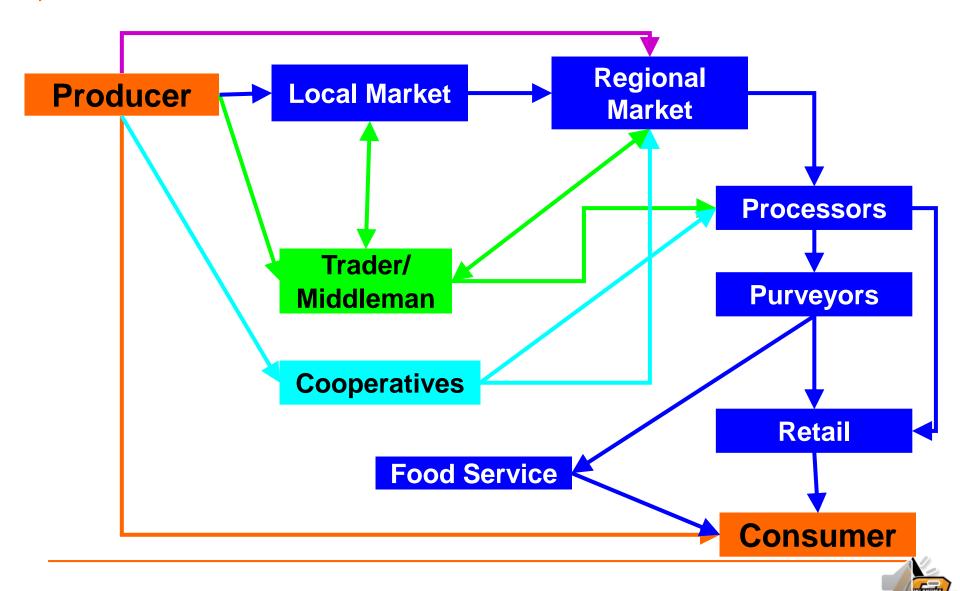
### What?

- What product is being produced?
  - Market animals
    - Size, weight, sex, breed
  - Replacement animals
    - Age, open or bred, breed, sex
  - Niche markets
    - All natural, organic, etc.
- Knowing what product is going to be sold helps determine an operations market potential.





### Where?



#### Where?

- Off of the farm
  - No commission or transportation costs
  - Need to know current market situation
  - Weight?
- Auction Barn
  - Easiest
  - No problems collecting money
  - May not receive complete worth of livestock
- Other
  - Special Sales
    - Will have to produce that type of product.
  - Farmer's Markets
    - Typically a finished product



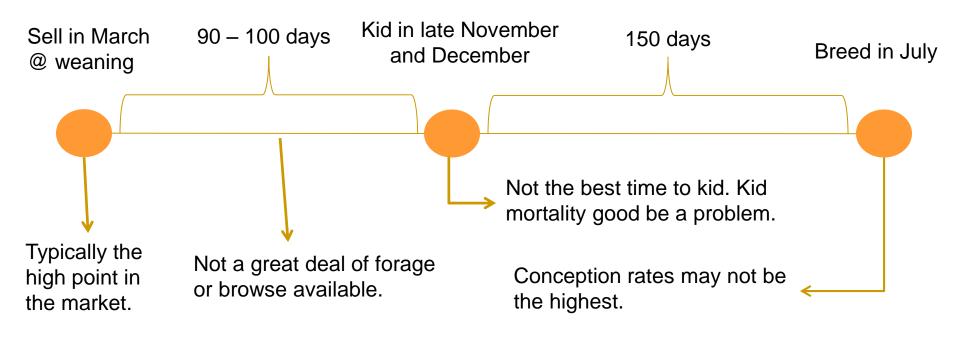


## When to sell your livestock

- The best time to sell your livestock will depend on matching up your optimum production schedule with the optimum marketing time.
- When to marketing your animals is determined by your production schedule.
- Therefore you need to consider the total production schedule before determining your marketing date.

## Matching Production with Marketing

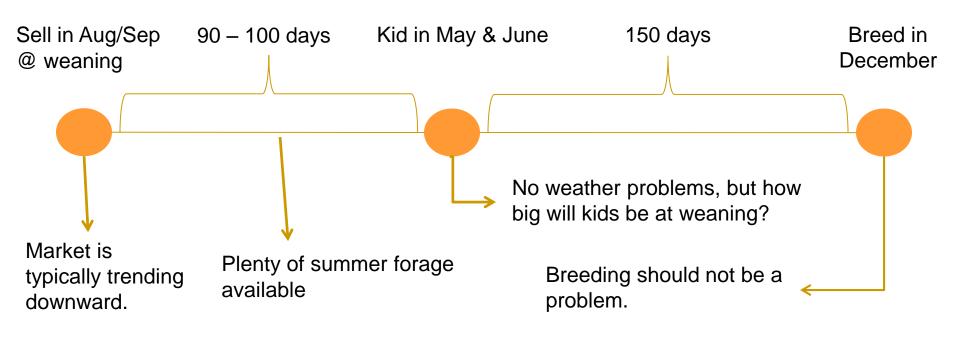
#### Goat Example





## Matching Production with Marketing

#### Goat Example



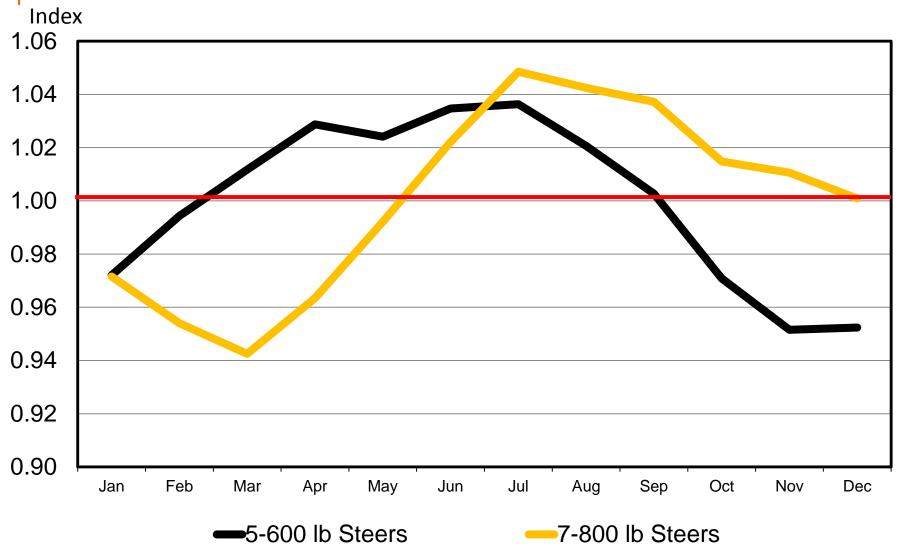


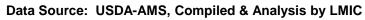
### When?

- Most livestock prices have a seasonal pattern.
  - Prices are higher and lower than average for certain types and weight groups during certain times of the year.
  - ☐ These changes are generally caused by:
    - Increased demand
      - Holidays
      - Summer BBQ season
    - Decreased supply
      - Production cycles



#### Oklahoma Cattle Seasonal Price Chart

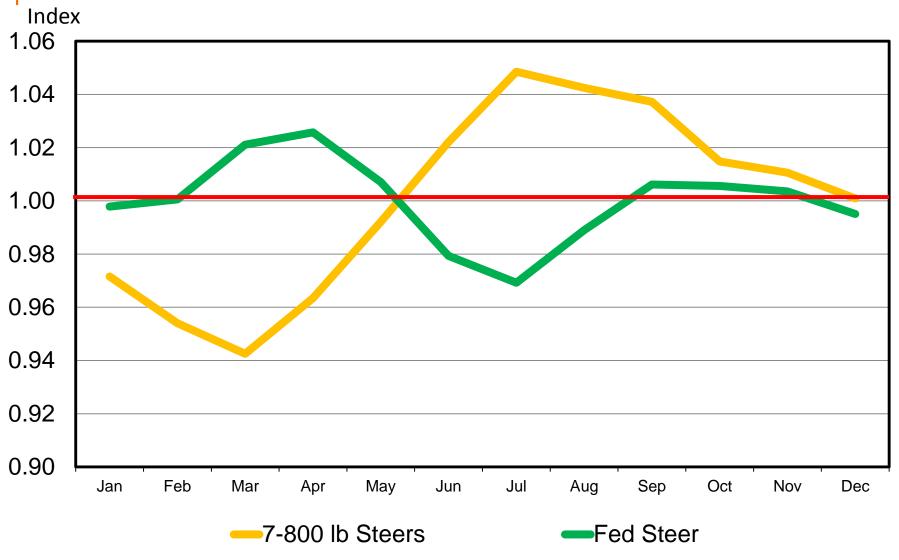




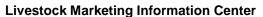
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#### Oklahoma Cattle Seasonal Price Chart

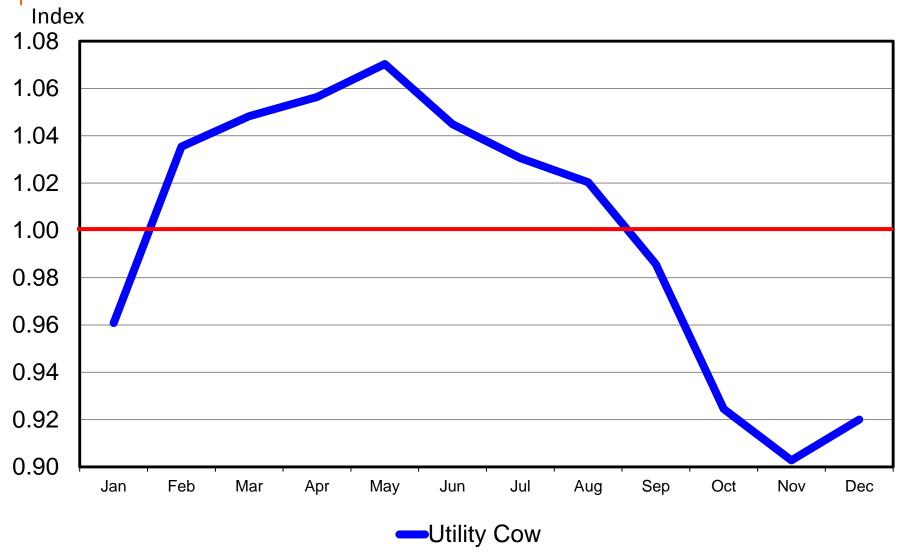


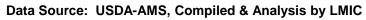






### Oklahoma Cattle Seasonal Price Chart



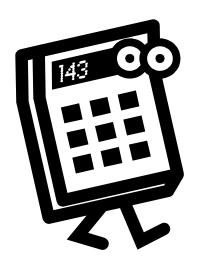


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### Value Added Opportunities

- Preconditioning
- Cooperative marketing/purchasing
- Retained ownership through custom feeding
- Strategic alliances
- Niche Markets
  - Organic
  - Natural





## Summary

- Every livestock operation needs to develop a marketing plan.
- Remember the 3 W's
  - What
  - Where
  - When
- Make sure to consider production schedules when determining marketing plans.
- Be sure to investigate value added opportunities.



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